

Corsa Coal Corp. Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Corsa Coal Corp. **Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets** Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands

Assets		June 30, 2023	Ι	December 31, 2022
Cash	\$	6,001	\$	7,028
Accounts receivable (note 3)	*	13,676	+	10,787
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,132		3,281
Inventories, net (note 4)		10,530		9,141
Current Assets		32,339		30,237
Restricted cash and investments (note 5)		43,751		41,652
Advance royalties and other assets		5,323		3,971
Property, plant and equipment, net (note 6)		115,056		116,778
Total Assets	\$	196,469	\$	192,638
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	\$	18,005	\$	23,219
Recourse obligation (note 7)	Ψ		Ψ	1,906
Lease liabilities – current (note 8)		1,605		1,422
Loans payable, net – current (note 9)		4,667		5,733
Other liabilities – current (note 10)		2,995		1,673
Reclamation and water treatment provision – current (note 11)		5,258		5,551
Current Liabilities		32,530		39,504
Loans payable, net – long-term (note 9)		20,356		20,485
Lease liabilities – long-term (note 8)		3,785		2,640
Other liabilities – long-term (note 10)		4,737		4,238
Reclamation and water treatment provision – long-term (note 11)		63,412		64,163
Total Liabilities		124,820		131,030
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital (note 12)		225,091		225,091
Contributed surplus		902		834
Accumulated deficit		(154,344)		(164,317)
Total Shareholders' Equity		71,649		61,608
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	196,469	\$	192,638

Commitments and Contingencies (note 22)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors:

/s/ Ronald G. Stovash

-----Ronald G. Stovash, Director

/s/ Alan M. De'Ath Alan M. De'Ath, Director

Corsa Coal Corp.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands except for per share amounts

	Fo	or the three]	For the six m		is ended
	June 30,				June	30,		
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenue (note 13)	\$	55,309	\$	42,326	\$	103,254	\$	81,099
Cost of sales (note 14)		(42,843)		(38,812)		(84,816)		(75,786)
Gross margin		12,466		3,514		18,438		5,313
Selling, general and administrative expense (notes 15 and 16)		(2,325)		(2,215)		(4,566)		(4,598)
Income from operations		10,141		1,299		13,872		715
Finance expense (note 17)		(2,684)		(1,567)		(5,313)		(3,101)
Finance income (note 17)		2		60		5		75
Gain (loss) on restricted investments (note 17)		463		(2,789)		992		(3,957)
Other income (expense), net (note 18)		553		27		847		(679)
Income (loss) before tax		8,475		(2,970)		10,403		(6,947)
Current income tax expense		493				493		
Deferred income tax expense								
Provision for income taxes		493				493		
Net and comprehensive income (loss)	\$	7,982	\$	(2,970)	\$	9,910	\$	(6,947)
Basic earnings (loss) per share (note 19)	\$	0.08	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.07)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (note 19)	\$	0.08	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.07)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Corsa Coal Corp. Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands

	For the six months ended June 30, 2023											
	Number											
	of Corsa											
	Common				Total							
	Shares	Share	Contributed	Accumulated	Shareholders'							
	(000's)	Capital	Surplus	Deficit	Equity							
Balance - January 1, 2023	103,275	\$ 225,091	\$ 834	\$ (164,317)	\$ 61,608							
Stock-based compensation expense (note 16)	—		131		131							
Stock option expiration/forfeiture	—	—	(63)	63								
Net and comprehensive income				9,910	9,910							
Balance - June 30, 2023	103,275	\$ 225,091	\$ 902	\$ (154,344)	\$ 71,649							

			For the s	ix mo	nths ended	Jur	ne 30, 2022		
	Number								
	of Corsa								
	Common								Total
	Shares		Share	Con	tributed	Ac	cumulated	Sha	areholders'
	(000's)	Capital		Surplus			Deficit		Equity
Balance - January 1, 2022	103,275	\$	225,091	\$	1,758	\$	(137,568)	\$	89,281
Stock-based compensation expense (note 16)					1				1
Stock option forfeiture			—		(242)		242		
Net and comprehensive loss							(6,947)		(6,947)
Balance - June 30, 2022	103,275	\$	225,091	\$	1,517	\$	(144,273)	\$	82,335

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Corsa Coal Corp. Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands

	For the three months ended					For the six months ended						
		June	e 30	,		Jun	e 30,					
	2023			2022		2023		2022				
Operating Activities												
Net and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 7,	982	\$	(2,970)	\$	9,910	\$	(6,947)				
Items not affecting cash:												
Amortization	3,	210		3,071		5,918		6,150				
Stock-based compensation expense (note 16)		69		(5)		131		1				
Non-cash finance expense, net		337		3,102		588		4,604				
Other non-cash operating expense (income) and gain (loss) on restricted investments		696		337		1,098		415				
Cash spent on reclamation and water treatment activities (note 11)	(1,	220)		(1,438)		(2,463)		(2,356)				
Changes in working capital balances related to operations (note 20)	(7,	522)		3,329		(9,191)		4,335				
Cash provided by operating activities	3,	552		5,426		5,991		6,202				
Investing Activities												
Restricted cash and investments acquired	(865)		(717)		(1,638)		(1,419)				
Restricted cash and investments released		_		1,086		_		1,086				
Advance royalties and other assets	(560)		(338)		(1,004)		(651)				
Property, plant and equipment additions	(826)		(1,441)		(2,305)		(2,069)				
Cash used in investing activities	(2,	251)		(1,410)		(4,947)		(3,053)				
Financing Activities												
Repayment of loan payable	(300)		(819)		(1.277)		(1,618)				
Repayment of lease liabilities		442)		(300)		(1,277) (794)		(1,618)				
								. ,				
Cash used in financing activities	(742)		(1,119)		(2,071)		(2,259)				
Net increase (decrease) in cash for the period		559		2,897		(1,027)	_	890				
Cash, beginning of period	5,4	442		10,707		7,028		12,714				
Cash, end of period	\$ 6,	001	\$	13,604	\$	6,001	\$	13,604				

Supplemental disclosure (note 20)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

1. Basis of Presentation and Nature of Operations

Nature of Operations

Corsa Coal Corp. ("Corsa" or the "Company") is in the business of mining, processing and selling metallurgical coal, as well as exploring, acquiring and developing resource properties that are consistent with its existing coal business. The Company is a corporation existing under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and is domiciled in Canada. The registered office of Corsa is located at 199 Bay Street, Suite 5300, Commerce Court West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5L 1B9, and the head/corporate office of Corsa is located at 1576 Stoystown Road, P.O. Box 260, Friedens, Pennsylvania, USA, 15541.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis. The going concern basis assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business as they become due in the foreseeable future.

Unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in United States dollars. References to "C\$" are to Canadian dollars.

At June 30, 2023, the Company had one operating division, Northern Appalachia ("NAPP Division" or "NAPP"). The NAPP Division, based in Somerset, Pennsylvania, USA, produces and sells low volatile metallurgical coal used for the production of coke from its mines in the Northern Appalachia coal region of the USA. The Company's corporate office provides support and manages the mining investments, and is also deemed a reportable segment.

All scientific and technical information contained in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements has been reviewed and approved by David E. Yingling, Professional Engineer and the Company's mining engineer, who is a qualified person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*.

Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. The Company has consistently applied the same accounting policies throughout all periods presented.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are intended to be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes thereto. Certain reclassifications of prior period data, which include the presentation of gain or loss on restricted investments separately from finance income or expense, have been made to conform to the current period classifications.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 8, 2023.

Basis of Measurement

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

Future accounting pronouncements

Certain amendments to existing standards issued by the IASB may impact the Company's financial statements for accounting periods after January 1, 2023. Updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company have been excluded.

2. Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, restricted cash and investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, recourse obligation, lease liabilities, loan payable in connection with the Main Street Facility (as defined below) and other liabilities.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed, in varying degrees, to a variety of financial instrument related risks as described below.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. These deposit accounts are held with high credit quality institutions in Canada and the United States. Restricted cash consists of cash, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. Restricted investments consist of interest-bearing securities invested with highly rated financial institutions.

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. The Company trades only with recognized creditworthy third parties who are subject to credit verification procedures, and often times are backed by letters of credit or trade credit insurance. In addition, outstanding receivable balances are regularly monitored on an ongoing basis. The Company has not recorded any allowance for credit losses for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had six and three customers, respectively, that owed the Company more than \$1,000 each and accounted for approximately 95% and 98%, respectively, of total accounts receivable. At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, 56% and 68%, respectively, of the Company's accounts receivables were covered by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include the Main Street Facility and restricted cash and investments.

Commodity Risk

The value of the Company's mineral properties is related to the price of metallurgical coal and the outlook for this commodity, which is beyond the control of the Company.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. At June 30, 2023, the Company had a consolidated cash balance of \$6,001 and consolidated working capital deficit of \$191. The future operations of the Company are dependent on the continued generation of positive cash flows from operations which in turn is dependent on the future demand and price for metallurgical coal. The Company plans to utilize expected operating cash flows to service the Company's debt obligations.

If cash flows from operations are less than required, the Company may need to incur additional debt or issue additional equity. From time-to-time, the Company may need to access the long-term and short-term capital markets to obtain financing. Although the Company believes it can currently finance its operations on acceptable terms and conditions, the Company's access to, and the availability of, financing on acceptable terms and conditions in the future will be affected by many factors, including the liquidity of the overall capital markets, the current state of the global economy and restrictions in the Company's

existing debt agreements and any other future debt agreements. There can be no assurance that the Company will have or continue to have access to the capital markets on acceptable terms.

The Company's commitments based on contractual terms are as follows:

	Carrying										
	Value at				Payme	nts	due by p	oeri	od		
	June 30,			L	Less Than		1 to	4 to		A	After 5
	2023		Total		1 Year	3	Years	5 Years			Years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 18,005	\$	18,005	\$	\$ 18,005		_	\$		\$	
Lease liabilities	5,390		5,390		1,605		2,427		1,358		
Loan payable - Main Street Facility	25,023		25,380		4,667		20,713				
Other liabilities	7,732		7,732		2,995		2,662		2,075		
Asset retirement obligations - reclamation	40,241		40,241		3,285		9,698		6,801		20,457
Asset retirement obligations - water treatment	28,429		28,429		1,973		3,332		3,222		19,902
Purchase order firm commitments	_		4,592		3,432		1,160				
Minimum royalty commitments			1,794		598		1,196				
Reclamation bond restricted cash deposits	—		6,591		1,500		3,000		2,091		
Total	\$ 124,820	\$	138,154	\$	38,060	\$	44,188	\$	15,547	\$	40,359

<u>Fair Value</u>

The estimated fair values of all financial instruments approximate their respective carrying values except for the loans payable in connection with the Main Street Facility and the 36th Street Facility (as defined below). The loans payable are carried at amortized cost and the carrying amounts and fair values are presented below:

		June 3	23	December 31, 2022				
	С	Carrying			C	arrying		
	A	mount	Fa	ir Value	A	mount	Fa	ir Value
Loan payable - Main Street Facility	\$	25,023	\$	24,067	\$	25,352	\$	23,783
Loan payable - 36 th Street Facility						866		885
	\$	25,023	\$	24,067	\$	26,218	\$	24,668

The fair value of the loans payable were determined by discounting the future contractual cash flows at a discount rate that represents an approximation of the borrowing rates presently available to the Company. At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the discount rate for the Main Street Facility was 12.3%. At December 31, 2022, the discount rate for the 36th Street Facility was 9.8%. Management's estimate of the fair value of the loans payable are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, as explained below.

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value hierarchy categorizes into three levels the inputs in valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are those other than quoted market prices in active markets, which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, such as inputs derived from market prices.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table provides an analysis of the Company's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on a degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable.

	Jun	e 30, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022
]	Level 1]	Level 1
Restricted cash	\$	15,970	\$	14,386
Restricted investments				
Debt securities		8,399		6,101
Equity securities		19,382		21,165
		27,781		27,266
Total restricted cash and investments	\$	43,751	\$	41,652

At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had no financial instruments which used Level 2 or 3 fair value measurements.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

	Ju	ine 30,	December 31,				
		2023	2022				
Trade receivables	\$	13,598	\$	10,737			
Other		78		50			
	\$	13,676	\$	10,787			

The Company has not recorded any estimated allowance for credit losses for the periods presented.

4. Inventories, net

Inventories consist of the following:

	ne 30, 2023	December 31, 2022			
Metallurgical coal					
Clean coal stockpiles	\$ 2,648	\$	1,928		
Raw coal stockpiles	 2,260		1,872		
	4,908		3,800		
Parts and supplies, net	 5,622		5,341		
	\$ 10,530	\$	9,141		

An obsolescence reserve of \$566 has been provided for the parts and supplies inventory as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

5. Restricted Cash and Investments

	June 30, 2023						December 31, 2022							
]	Debt]	Equity					Debt	I	Equity		
	Cash	Sec	urities	Se	ecurities	Total	_(Cash	Se	curities	Se	curities	Total	
Water treatment (a)	\$ 706	\$	8,030	\$	19,034	\$27,770	\$	302	\$	5,733	\$	20,859	\$ 26,894	
Reclamation bonds (b)	9,916		358		30	10,304		9,143		357		26	9,526	
Workers' compensation (c)	5,348				318	5,666		4,941				280	5,221	
Other restricted deposits			11			11				11			11	
	\$15,970	\$	8,399	\$	19,382	\$43,751	\$1	4,386	\$	6,101	\$	21,165	\$41,652	

Restricted cash and investments consists of the following:

- (a) The Company has signed certain agreements with U.S. environmental and regulatory agencies which require the perpetual monitoring and treatment of water in areas where the Company is operating or has operated in the past. As a result of these agreements, the Company was required to establish separate trust funds to ensure water treatment activities would continue after the Company ceased operating in the affected areas. The cash is either held or invested in debt and equity securities and income earned on such funds, under certain circumstances, may be used by the Company to pay for certain water treatment costs once the trust funds have been fully funded.
- (b) The Company is required to post bonds to ensure reclamation is completed on its mining properties as required under U.S. state and federal regulations. The Company has agreements with insurers to provide these bonds. The cash collateral is held or invested in certificates of deposit, that are insured by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or in debt and equity security investments. The Company is required to increase the level of cash collateral over time to reach the target set by the surety of 25% of the issued bond amount. The collateral increase will be funded by quarterly installment payments of up to \$375.
- (c) The Company has established separate trust funds with its insurance carriers to pay potential awards and claims related to workers' compensation.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment, net

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following:

	N	Mineral		Plant and	
	Pro	perties (a)	E	quipment	 Total
Cost					
Balance - January 1, 2022	\$	166,651	\$	153,210	\$ 319,861
Additions		—		7,319	7,319
Capitalized development costs		196		—	196
Change in reclamation provision		(1,065)		(53)	(1,118)
Disposals		(70)		(2,988)	 (3,058)
Balance - December 31, 2022		165,712		157,488	 323,200
Additions				3,964	3,964
Capitalized development costs		483			483
Disposals				(2,192)	 (2,192)
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	166,195	\$	159,260	\$ 325,455
Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Losses					
Balance - January 1, 2022	\$	(73,729)	\$	(124,024)	\$ (197,753)
Amortization		(3,671)		(7,869)	(11,540)
Disposals				2,871	2,871
Balance - December 31, 2022		(77,400)		(129,022)	 (206,422)
Amortization		(2,477)		(3,681)	(6,158)
Disposals				2,181	2,181
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	(79,877)	\$	(130,522)	\$ (210,399)
<u>Net Book Value</u>					
December 31, 2022	\$	88,312	\$	28,466	\$ 116,778
June 30, 2023	\$	86,318	\$	28,738	\$ 115,056

(a) The two types of lease rights in the states of Maryland and Pennsylvania are surface rights, which provide access to the surface of a specific property, and mineral rights, which provide the right to extract the minerals from a specific property. The Company either purchases outright or leases these rights from various owners specific to each property. Mineral and surface rights which are leased are subject to royalty payments to the various owners based on the tons of coal extracted from that specific property. Royalty rates on leased mineral rights can range from 5% to 16%, although they typically range from 6% to 7%, of the selling price of the coal. Mineral and surface rights which are owned by the Company are not subject to royalties. The net book value of mineral properties that are not in production at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was \$21,810 and \$24,835, respectively.

7. Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Recourse Obligation

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and recourse obligation consists of the following:

	June 30,	Dec	ember 31,
	2023		2022
Trade payables	\$ 10,064	\$	12,604
Purchased coal payables	1,263		1,696
Freight payables	1,480		1,335
Income tax payable	425		
U.S. Department of Justice disgorgement obligation			1,200
Other accrued liabilities	 4,773		6,384
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 18,005	\$	23,219
	June 30,	Dec	ember 31,
	 2023	2022	
Recourse obligation (a)	\$ 	\$	1,906

(a) On July 28, 2022, the Company's subsidiary, Wilson Creek Energy, LLC ("WCE") entered into a 24-month Invoice Purchase Agreement (the "LSQ Financing") with LSQ Funding Group, L.C. ("LSQ"), pursuant to which LSQ may elect to purchase up to \$15,000 of eligible customer invoices from WCE. WCE's obligations under the LSQ Financing are secured by a lien on all accounts receivable and rights to payment arising from the sale of goods and inventory pursuant to a subordination agreement with KeyBank National Association ("KeyBank") in connection with the Main Street Facility.

Advances by LSQ may be made at an advance rate of up to 85% of the face value of the eligible receivables being sold. LSQ may require WCE to repurchase accounts receivable if LSQ determines, in its sole discretion, that the accounts are uncollectible for any reason. LSQ will receive fees equal to 0.0750% of the receivables purchased in addition to a funds usage daily fee of 0.0292% of the outstanding balance purchased. The purchase does not result in derecognition of the accounts receivable because WCE retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset.

8. Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities consists of the following:

			J	une 30,	Dec	ember 31,
	Interest Rate	Maturity		2023		2022
Equipment - Preparation Plant (a)	11.0%	September 2023	\$	84	\$	245
Equipment - Refuse Facility	18.9%	January 2028		2,067		2,183
Equipment - Surface	2.5% to 16%	July 2025 - Aug. 2027		3,238		1,628
Equipment - Information Technology	11.0%	July 2023		1		6
Balance, end of period				5,390		4,062
Less: Current portion				(1,605)		(1,422)
Total long-term lease liabilities			\$	3,785	\$	2,640

(a) Contingent rent related to these lease obligations is payable if the equipment exceeds certain operating levels. The contingent rent expense recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 was \$150 and \$258, respectively. The contingent rent expense recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$184 and \$305, respectively. Contingent rent is included in cost of sales in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Lease liabilities and minimum lease payments at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Less than 1 year	\$ 2,281
1-3 years	3,221
4-5 years	1,541
Thereafter	
Total payments	7,043
Less: Amounts representing interest	 (1,653)
Total finance lease obligations	\$ 5,390

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, interest expense, which is included in finance expense in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and total cash outflows related to lease liabilities were as follows:

	For t	he three	mon	ths ended	For the six months ended					
	June 30,					June 30,				
	2	023		2022		2023		2022		
Interest expense related to lease liabilities	\$	167	\$	64	\$	276	\$	137		
Total cash outflows related to lease liabilities	\$	609	\$	364	\$	1,070	\$	778		

The expense relating to leases of low value assets was not material.

Right-of-use assets, which are included in property, plant and equipment, net, in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated balance sheets, consist of the following:

	Plant	ŀ	Refuse	S	urface		IT	 Total
Gross Right-of-Use Asset								
Balance – January 1, 2022	\$ 2,200	\$		\$	4,783	\$	37	\$ 7,020
Additions	—		2,308		—		—	2,308
Lease expiration	 				(838)			 (838)
Balance – December 31, 2022	2,200		2,308		3,945		37	8,490
Additions	 		(2)		2,123			 2,121
Balance – June 30, 2023	\$ 2,200	\$	2,306	\$	6,068	\$	37	\$ 10,611
Accumulated Amortization								
Balance – January 1, 2022	\$ (1,455)	\$		\$	(2,274)	\$	(25)	\$ (3,754)
Amortization	(426)				(933)		(7)	(1,366)
Lease expiration	 				838			 838
Balance – December 31, 2022	(1,881)				(2,369)		(32)	(4,282)
Amortization	 (213)		(154)		(484)		(4)	 (855)
Balance – June 30, 2023	\$ (2,094)	\$	(154)	\$	(2,853)	\$	(36)	\$ (5,137)
<u>Net Book Value</u>								
December 31, 2022	\$ 319	\$	2,308	\$	1,576	\$	5	\$ 4,208
June 30, 2023	\$ 106	\$	2,152	\$	3,215	\$	1	\$ 5,474

Amortization expense related to the right-of-use assets is included in cost of sales in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and was as follows:

	Fo	or the three	mor	ths ended	F	For the six n	nonths ended			
		June 30,				Jun	e 30	,		
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Right-of-use asset amortization expense	\$	501	\$	370	\$	855	\$	736		

9. Debt

Loan Payable - 36th Street Facility

On August 16, 2019, the Company's wholly-owned and direct subsidiary, Wilson Creek Holdings, Inc. ("WCH"), as lessee, and the Company along with all of the subsidiaries of WCH, as guarantors, entered into a lease financing agreement with Key Equipment Finance, as lessor and assignor, and 36th Street Capital Partners, LLC, as assignee, for the sale and leaseback of various coal mining equipment for a funding amount of \$12 million (the "36th Street Facility") which was fully repaid on March 1, 2023.

Loan Payable - Main Street Facility

On December 14, 2020, certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers, entered into a five-year secured term loan with KeyBank for \$25 million (the "Main Street Facility"), as subsequently amended, through the Main Street Lending Program established by the board of governors of the U.S. Federal Reserve System. Under this program, lending is facilitated through a special purpose vehicle established by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston which committed to purchase, on December 21, 2020, a participation interest equal to 95% of the Main Street Facility. The Main Street Facility bears interest, payable monthly, at the secured overnight financing rate plus 3.1148% and contains customary financial covenants, which were amended effective December 31, 2022, as well as affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants that would restrict the ability to pay dividends, make distributions and transfer funds to the Canadian parent entity (i.e., Corsa Coal Corp.). The Main Street Facility is repayable on each of the third and fourth anniversaries of the closing date of the Main Street Facility in an amount equal to 15% of the principal amount, with the remaining balance due in full on the fifth anniversary of the closing date and is pre-payable at any time without any premium or penalty. Additionally, a mandatory prepayment of \$1,200 is required to be paid in monthly installments of \$100 beginning on March 31, 2023. The Main Street Facility is secured against certain real and personal property of the borrowers. The borrowers were in compliance with all financial covenants at June 30, 2023.

The changes in the loan payable balance are as follows: 36th Street Facility **Main Street Facility** Unamortized Unamortized Principal Discount Total Principal Discount Total Total \$ 4,197 \$ (55) \$ 4,142 \$ 25,820 \$ \$ 25,249 \$ 29,391 Balance - January 1, 2022 (571)Accrued interest 270 270 604 604 Interest paid ____ (270)____ (644)(270)(644)43 43 143 143 Amortization of discount ____ ____ Principal repayment (3,319)(3,319)(3,319)

874

(914)

186

20,356

(357)

\$

20,713

20,356

Balance - December 31, 2022	\$	878	\$	(12)	\$	866	\$	25,780	\$	(428)	\$	25,352	\$ 26,218
		3	6 th St	treet Facility	,			M	ain	Street Facility	/		
			Un	amortized					U	namortized			
	Pri	ncipal	1	Discount		Total	Р	rincipal		Discount		Total	Total
Balance - January 1, 2023	\$	878	\$	(12)	\$	866	\$	25,780	\$	(428)	\$	25,352	\$ 26,218
Accrued interest		14		—		14							14
Interest paid		(15)		_		(15)							(15)
Amortization of discount (note 17)		—		12		12		—		71		71	83
Principal repayment		(877)				(877)		(400)				(400)	(1,277)
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	25,380	\$	(357)	\$	25,023	\$ 25,023
Less: current portion		—		_		_		(4,667)		—		(4,667)	 (4,667)

10. Other Liabilities

Total long-term loan payable

Other liabilities consist of the following:

	ne 30, 023	ember 31, 2022
Workers' compensation provision (a)	\$ 5,637	\$ 5,156
Maryland grant – deferred income (b)	1,293	
Other (c)	 802	755
	7,732	5,911
Less: current portion	 (2,995)	(1,673)
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 4,737	\$ 4,238

- (a) The provision relates to workers' compensation and occupational disease claims that have not yet been paid by the Company. The estimates use an actuarial valuation approach based on historical claims and known events, where such estimates may differ materially from the estimates used herein. The balance that is expected to be settled within the next 12 months is \$1,229. The Company has established separate trust funds with its insurance carriers to pay potential awards and claims related to workers' compensation claims (note 5).
- (b) In May 2023, Maryland Energy Resources, LLC, a U.S. subsidiary of Corsa, entered into a grant agreement with Tri-County Council for Western Maryland, Inc., (the "Grant"). The Grant proceeds are to be used to fund capital infrastructure projects at the Casselman mine. The projects must commence within twelve months and be completed within 36 months of the Grant. The Company elected to account for the Grant under International Accounting Standard 20 – Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance utilizing the income approach. Grant income will be recognized in profit or loss over the periods, and in the proportions, in which amortization expense on those assets is recognized. The grant deferred income has been included in the current portion above.

(c) Other includes various accruals based on management's best estimate of other matters, of which \$473 is expected to be settled within the next twelve months.

11. Reclamation and Water Treatment Provision

The Company's reclamation and water treatment provision arises from its obligations to undertake site reclamation and remediation as well as certain water treatment activities in connection with its historical operations.

The changes to the reclamation and water treatment provision were as follows:

		Site		Water		
	Recla	amation and	Tr	eatment		
	Rem	ediation (a)	Obl	igation (b)		Total
Balance - January 1, 2022	\$	40,497	\$	24,029	\$	64,526
Costs incurred		(2,816)		(2,614)		(5,430)
Change in estimate		2,384		7,335		9,719
Accretion expense		546		353		899
		114		5,074		5,188
Balance - December 31, 2022	\$	40,611	\$	29,103	\$	69,714
Costs incurred		(1,200)		(1,263)		(2,463)
Accretion expense (note 17)		830		589		1,419
		(370)		(674)		(1,044)
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	40,241	\$	28,429	\$	68,670
Less: current portion		(3,285)		(1,973)		(5,258)
Long-Term Reclamation and Water Treatment Provision	\$	36,956	\$	26,456	\$	63,412
Estimated costs (undiscounted cash flow basis)	\$	45,735	\$	34,223	\$	79,958
End of reclamation period	1-21 years		1-21 years Perpe			
Discount rate	3.8	3.88%-4.73%		3.88%-4.73%		
Inflation rate		2.0%		2.0%		

- (a) Site reclamation and remediation
 - (i) The current portion represents the amount of costs expected to be incurred by the Company within one year from June 30, 2023.
 - (ii) At June 30, 2023, the Company had \$64,697 in surety bonds outstanding to secure reclamation obligations.
- (b) Water treatment obligation

The Company has signed certain agreements with U.S. environmental and regulatory agencies which require the monitoring and treatment of water in areas where the Company is operating or has operated in the past. The Company has the obligation to fund such water treatment activities and has recorded a provision for the total expected costs of such water treatment.

Water treatment costs incurred are offset against the water treatment provision. At each reporting period, the Company makes a determination of the estimated costs of water treatment using assumptions effective as of the end of the reporting period. The change in estimate within the reporting period is charged to cost of sales.

Certain factors may cause the expected water treatment costs to vary materially from the estimates included herein, including, but not limited to, changes in water quality and changes in laws and regulations. The estimates used herein represent management's best estimates as of the end of the reporting period.

The Company is required to maintain separate trust funds to ensure water treatment activities would continue after the Company ceased operating in the affected areas. The cash is invested in debt and equity securities and income earned on such funds, under certain circumstances, may be used by the Company to pay for certain water treatment costs once the trust funds have been fully funded. See note 5(a) for a further description of the water treatment trust funds.

The current portion represents the amount of costs expected to be incurred by the Company within one year from June 30, 2023.

12. Share Capital

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares ("Common Shares") without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares issuable in series, with such rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Company may determine from time to time. At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had 103,275,076 Common Shares outstanding and no preferred shares outstanding.

Shareholder Rights Plan

On December 17, 2021, the Company adopted a shareholder rights plan (the "Rights Plan") which was ratified by shareholders of the Company at the Company's 2022 annual meeting of shareholders held on June 16, 2022, and remains in effect until the date on which the Company's annual meeting of shareholders is held in 2025, unless terminated sooner in accordance with its terms. The adoption of the Rights Plan is intended to ensure, to the extent possible, that all shareholders of the Company are treated fairly in connection with any take-over bid for Common Shares and to protect against acquisitions of control of Corsa through purchases of Common Shares that are exempt from applicable Canadian take-over bid rules, also referred to as "creeping" take-over bids. The Rights Plan is substantially similar to shareholder rights plans adopted by other Canadian issuers.

Subject to the terms of the Rights Plan, in the event that rights become exercisable under the Rights Plan, holders of the rights (other than the acquiring person and certain other customary parties, including parties acting jointly or in concert with the acquiring person) will be permitted to exercise their rights to purchase additional Common Shares of the Company at a 50% discount to the then prevailing market price of the Common Shares. Pursuant to the Rights Plan, one right attaches to each issued and outstanding Common Share.

13. Revenue

Revenue consists of the following:

	Fo	r the three	moi	nths ended	For the six months ended					
	June 30,					June 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Metallurgical coal sales	\$	53,571	\$	41,431	\$	99,340	\$	79,240		
Thermal coal sales		1,599		198		3,659		331		
Tolling revenue		—		518		_		1,237		
Limestone revenue		139		179		255		291		
	\$	55,309	\$	42,326	\$	103,254	\$	81,099		

The following table displays revenue from contracts with customers and other sources:

	For		nths ended	F	For the six n			
		Jun	,	June			,	
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	55,148	\$	42,122	\$	102,843	\$	80,650
Revenue from other sources		161		204		411		449
	\$	55,309	\$	42,326	\$	103,254	\$	81,099

Revenue from other sources is primarily thermal coal and limestone sold to various customers where control passes upon the loading of the coal or limestone at a point-of-sale transaction.

Corsa derives revenue from contracts with customers through the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following by type and geographical regions:

	For the three months ended June 30, 2023											
	Metallurgical			hermal	Т	olling						
Geographic Region	Coal			Coal	Re	venue		Total				
Asia	\$	19,240	\$		\$	_	\$	19,240				
North America		34,331		1,577				35,908				
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	53,571	\$	1,577	\$		\$	55,148				

		For	2022					
	Me	tallurgical	Th	iermal	l Tolling			
Geographic Region		Coal		Coal		evenue	Total	
Asia	\$	11,509	\$	_	\$		\$	11,509
North America		24,754		173		518		25,445
Europe		5,168						5,168
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	41,431	\$	173	\$	518	\$	42,122

		023							
	Met	allurgical	Т	hermal	Т	olling			
Geographic Region	_	Coal		Coal		venue		Total	
Asia	\$	27,242	\$	_	\$	_	\$	27,242	
North America		70,162		2,410				72,572	
South America		1,936						1,936	
Europe				1,093				1,093	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	99,340	\$	3,503	\$	_	\$	102,843	

	For the six months ended June 30, 2022											
	Me	tallurgical	Tł	hermal Tolling								
Geographic Region	Coal			Coal		evenue		Total				
Asia	\$	25,358	\$		\$		\$	25,358				
North America		46,314		173		1,237		47,724				
Europe		7,568						7,568				
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	79,240	\$	173	\$	1,237	\$	80,650				

14. Cost of Sales

Cost of sales consists of the following:

	For the three months ended June 30,					For the six months ended					
						June 30,					
		2023		2022		2023		2022			
Mining and processing costs	\$	28,901	\$	24,130	\$	57,901	\$	49,316			
Purchased coal costs		4,087		6,726		7,923		10,884			
Royalty expense		2,651		1,432		4,936		2,955			
Amortization expense		3,210		3,071		5,918		6,150			
Transportation costs from preparation plant to customer		1,767		1,745		3,825		3,687			
Idle mine expense		1,314		557		2,817		797			
Tolling costs		_		474				1,063			
Limestone costs		247		153		479		230			
Other costs		666		524		1,017		704			
	\$	42,843	\$	38,812	\$	84,816	\$	75,786			

15. Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative expense consists of the following:

	Fo	r the three	months end	ed	For the six months ended				
		June 30,			June 30,				
		2023	2022		2023		2022		
Salaries and other compensation	\$	1,070	\$ 8	03	\$ 2,226	\$	1,874		
Employee benefits		294	2	89	549		555		
Selling expense		166	1	51	326		289		
Professional fees		358	5	78	585		1,079		
Office expenses and insurance		347	3	11	708		651		
Other		90		83	172		150		
	\$	2,325	\$ 2,2	15	\$ 4,566	\$	4,598		

16. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has a stock option plan and a restricted share unit ("RSU") plan providing for the issuance of stock options and RSUs, respectively, to directors, officers, employees and service providers. The number of Common Shares reserved for issuance under the stock option plan may not exceed 10% of the total number of issued and outstanding Common Shares on a non-diluted basis on the grant date. Additionally, the number of Common Shares that may be acquired under a stock option or RSU granted to a certain participant is determined by the Company's Board of Directors and may not exceed 5% of the total number of issued and outstanding Common Shares on the grant date on a non-diluted basis. The exercise price of the stock options granted shall comply with the requirements of the stock exchange on which the Common Shares are listed (currently the TSX Venture Exchange). The maximum term of any stock option may not exceed five years unless approved by the Company's Board of Directors. Generally, stock options vest over three years. Each RSU granted entitles the participant to receive, from the Company, payment in cash or, at the option of the Company, payment in fully paid Common Shares. For a cash payment, the RSUs will be redeemed by the Company for cash equal to the market value of the Common Shares, determined based on the volume weighted average trading price of a Common Share on the stock exchange during the five trading days immediately preceding the payment date. In the event that the Company elects to satisfy all or part of its payment obligation in fully paid Common Shares, the Company will satisfy the payment obligation with the issuance, or delivery, of fully paid Common Shares on the payment date. No RSUs have been granted, including during the three and six months ended

June 30, 2023 and 2022. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, there were 4,164,508 and 6,892,008 stock options available for issuance under the stock option plan, respectively.

The following illustrates the changes in issued and outstanding stock options:

	Number of	Weighted Average
	Stock Options	Exercise Price
	(000's)	(C\$)
Balance - January 1, 2022	4,251	\$0.83
Options granted (a)	4,000	0.27
Options cancelled/forfeited	(1,135)	0.65
Options expired	(855)	1.53
Balance - December 31, 2022	6,261	0.41
Options cancelled/forfeited	(43)	0.47
Options expired	(55)	1.83
Balance - June 30, 2023	6,163	\$0.39

The following table illustrates the stock options granted and each grant was valued using a Black-Scholes pricing model at the date granted using the following valuation assumptions:

(a)
November 2, 2022
4,000
2 to 4
C\$0.27
4.37% to 4.56%
C\$0.27
107% to 118%
<u> </u>
15.13%

(a) Stock options were granted to directors, the then interim chief financial officer and employees of the Company.

The risk-free interest rate used is the United States Treasury Yield Curve Rate for the time period relating to the expected life of the options granted. The expected volatility is based on historic market data for the Company using a look-back period equivalent to the expected life of the stock options granted. The estimated forfeiture rate is based on the historical forfeiture rate.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense on the outstanding stock options, which is included in selling, general and administrative expense, as follows:

	For	For the three months ended]	ths ende	d		
		June 30 ,				June 30,			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Stock-based compensation expense	\$	69	\$	(5)	\$	131	\$		1

17. Finance (Expense), Finance Income and Gain (Loss) on Restricted Investments

Finance (expense), finance income and gain (loss) on restricted investments consists of the following:

	For the three months ended					For the six months ended			
		Jun	e 30	,	June 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Finance expense									
Amortization of discount on loan payable (note 9)	\$	(36)	\$	(46)	\$	(83)	\$	(92)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		—		(36)		—		(72)	
Bond premium expense		(552)		(555)		(1,099)		(1,212)	
Interest expense		(1,368)		(706)		(2,686)		(1,279)	
Accretion on reclamation and water treatment provision (note 11)		(714)		(223)		(1,419)		(445)	
Foreign exchange loss		(1)		(1)		(1)		(1)	
Other		(13)				(25)			
Total finance expense	\$	(2,684)	\$	(1,567)	\$	(5,313)	\$	(3,101)	
Finance income									
Interest income	\$	2	\$	60	\$	5	\$	75	
Total finance income	\$	2	\$	60	\$	5	\$	75	
Net finance expense	\$	(2,682)	\$	(1,507)	\$	(5,308)	\$	(3,026)	
Gain (loss) on Restricted Investments	\$	463	\$	(2,789)	\$	992	\$	(3,957)	

18. Other Income and Expense

Other income (expense) consists of the following:

	For the three months ended					For the six months ended				
		June 30,				 June 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Restructuring charges	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(886)		
Filter cake sales and refuse disposal income		25				52		68		
Loss on property dispositions				(79)		(11)		(135)		
Royalty income		40		34		78		67		
Other		488		72		728		207		
	\$	553	\$	27	\$	847	\$	(679)		

19. Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per Common Share is summarized as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,					For the six months ended June 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Basic and diluted earnings (loss)	\$	7,982	\$	(2,970)	\$	9,910	\$	(6,947)		
Basic weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding (000's)		103,275		103,275		103,275		103,275		
Dilutive effect of weighted average of stock options (000's)		472				199				
Diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding (000's)		103,747		103,275		103,474		103,275		
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.08	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.07)		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.08	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.07)		

In periods of net loss, the number of shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share; therefore, the effect of the dilutive securities is zero for such periods. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, there were no instruments, including stock options, which would result in the issuance of Common Shares whose effect would be dilutive on loss per share.

20. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	For	the three	moi	nths ended	For the six months ended					
		June	e 30	,		June	e 30	,		
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Change in working capital balances related to operations:										
Accounts receivable	\$	(1,972)	\$	2,791	\$	(2,889)	\$	7,612		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		199		(296)		849		405		
Inventories		(729)		(4,639)		(1,197)		(4,463)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(4,746)		5,484		(5,235)		751		
Recourse obligation		(1,455)				(1,906)				
Other liabilities		1,181		(11)		1,187		30		
	\$	(7,522)	\$	3,329	\$	(9,191)	\$	4,335		
Cash paid for interest	\$	1,375	\$	698	\$	2,686	\$	1,267		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	40	\$	80	\$	40	\$	80		
Non-cash investing and financing activities:										
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	.	_	<i>•</i>	(110)	.	• /	.			
Change in assets	\$	7	\$	(119)	_	21	\$	255		
Change in liabilities	\$	7	\$	(119)	\$	21	\$	255		
Lease liabilities										
Change in assets	\$	1,286	\$		\$	2,121	\$			
Change in liabilities	\$	1,286	\$		\$	2,121	\$			
	Φ	1,200	Ψ		Ψ	2,121	Ψ			
Change in estimate of reclamation liability										
Change in assets	\$		\$	146	\$		\$	93		
Change in liabilities	\$		\$	146	\$		\$	93		

21. Segment Information

Management has identified its operating segments based on geographical location and product offerings. Management has identified two distinct operating segments which require separate disclosures under IFRS 8 – *Operating Segments*. The two operating segments, NAPP and the Company's corporate office, are reported on the same basis as the internal reporting of the Company, using accounting policies consistent with the annual consolidated financial statements.

NAPP is a distinct operating segment based on its metallurgical coal operations and location in the U.S. along the Northern Appalachia coal belt. The Company's corporate office provides support and manages the mining investments. The amounts charged for transactions between reportable segments were measured at the exchange value, which represented the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the reportable segments.

		For the three months ended June 30, 2023					
		NAPP	Corporate	Total			
Revenue	\$	55,309	\$ —	\$ 55,309			
Cost of sales		(42,843)	_	(42,843)			
Gross margin		12,466	_	12,466			
Selling, general and administrative expense		(1,626)	(699)	(2,325)			
Income (loss) from operations		10,840	(699)	10,141			
Finance expense		(2,114)	(570)	(2,684)			
Finance income		1	1	2			
Gain on restricted investments		463		463			
Other income		553		553			
Income (loss) before tax		9,743	(1,268)	8,475			
Current income tax expense			493	493			
Deferred income tax expense							
Provision for income taxes		—	493	493			
Net income (loss)	\$	9,743	\$ (1,761)	\$ 7,982			

	 For the three months ended June 30, 2022				
	NAPP	Corporate	Total		
Revenue	\$ 42,326	\$	\$ 42,326		
Cost of sales	(38,812)	_	(38,812)		
Gross margin	3,514	_	3,514		
Selling, general and administrative expense	 (1,555)	(660)	(2,215)		
Income (loss) from operations	1,959	(660)	1,299		
Finance expense	(1,147)	(420)	(1,567)		
Finance income	59	1	60		
Loss on restricted investments	(2,789)	_	(2,789)		
Other income	27		27		
Loss before tax	(1,891)	(1,079)	(2,970)		
Current income tax expense	_	_	_		
Deferred income tax expense	 <u> </u>				
Provision for income taxes		_			
Net loss	\$ (1,891)	\$ (1,079)	\$ (2,970)		

	For the six months ended June 30, 2023					
	NAPP		Total			
Revenue	\$ 103,254	\$ —	\$ 103,254			
Cost of sales	(84,816)		(84,816)			
Gross margin	18,438		18,438			
Selling, general and administrative expense	 (3,210)	(1,356)	(4,566)			
Income (loss) from operations	15,228	(1,356)	13,872			
Finance expense	(4,183)	(1,130)	(5,313)			
Finance income	3	2	5			
Gain on restricted investments	992	_	992			
Other income	847	_	847			
Income (loss) before tax	 12,887	(2,484)	10,403			
Current income tax expense	_	493	493			
Deferred income tax expense	_					
Provision for income taxes	 	493	493			
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,887	\$ (2,977)	\$ 9,910			

	For the six months ended June 30, 2022					
	NAPP	Corporate	Total			
Revenue	\$ 81,099	\$ —	\$ 81,099			
Cost of sales	 (75,786)		(75,786)			
Gross margin	5,313	_	5,313			
Selling, general and administrative expense	(3,003)	(1,595)	(4,598)			
Income (loss) from operations	 2,310	(1,595)	715			
Finance expense	(2,283)	(818)	(3,101)			
Finance income	(2,203)	1	75			
Loss on restricted investments	(3,957)		(3,957)			
Other income (expense)	207	(886)	(679)			
Loss before tax	 (3,649)	(3,298)	(6,947)			
Current income tax expense						
Deferred income tax expense	_					
Provision for income taxes	 					
Net loss	\$ (3,649)	\$ (3,298)	\$ (6,947)			

	For	For the period ended			For the year ended		
		June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022			
	NAPP	Corporate	Total	NAPP	Corporate	Total	
Assets	\$ 190,371	\$ 6,098	\$ 196,469	\$ 185,312	\$ 7,326	\$ 192,638	
Liabilities	\$ 98,853	\$ 25,967	\$ 124,820	\$ 104,024	\$ 27,006	\$ 131,030	

All of the Company's mining properties are located in the U.S. The following geographic data includes revenues, net income (loss), non-current assets, total assets and total liabilities:

	For th	he three months	ended	For th	e three months	ended
		June 30, 2023			June 30, 2022	
	USA	Canada	Total	USA	Canada	Total
Revenue	\$ 55,309	\$ —	\$ 55,309	\$ 42,326	\$ —	\$ 42,326
Net income (loss)	\$ 8,118	\$ (136)	\$ 7,982	\$ (2,882)	\$ (88)	\$ (2,970)
	For	the six months e	nded	For t	the six months e	nded
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		
	USA	Canada	Total	USA	Canada	Total
Revenue	\$ 103,254	\$ —	\$ 103,254	\$ 81,099	\$ —	\$ 81,099
Net income (loss)	\$ 10,148	\$ (238)	\$ 9,910	\$ (6,750)	\$ (197)	\$ (6,947)
	At June 30, 2023 At				December 31, 2	022
	USA	Canada	Total	USA	Canada	Total
Non-current assets	\$ 164,130	\$	\$ 164,130	\$ 162,401	\$	\$ 162,401
Total assets	\$ 196,438	\$ 31	\$ 196,469	\$ 192,554	\$ 84	\$ 192,638
Total liabilities	\$ 124,769	\$ 51	\$ 124,820	\$ 131,009	\$ 21	\$ 131,030

22. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties to a number of lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of their businesses. The Company records costs relating to these matters when a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The effect of the outcome of these matters on the Company's future results of operations cannot be predicted with certainty as any such effect depends on future results of operations and the amount and timing of the resolution of such matters. While the results of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company believes that the final outcome of such other litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Contingent Receivable - A Seam Condemnation

PBS Coals, Inc., a wholly-owned, indirect subsidiary of the Company ("PBS"), filed five petitions for the Appointment of Board of Viewers (each a "Petition") for the determination of all damages suffered by PBS, other than for the loss of support, in connection with the taking of leased land by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation ("PennDOT"). Each Petition was in connection with a different property in which PBS held a leasehold interest at the time of condemnation by PennDOT or at the time when the coal was taken but no Declaration of Taking was filed by PennDOT. Three of the cases involve Declarations of Taking filed by PennDOT, also known as De Jure Condemnations, and two of the properties involve De Facto Takings, where no Declaration of Taking was filed by PennDOT but the coal was in effect taken by actions relating to the construction of the road. In one of the De Facto Taking cases, the issue of whether or not a taking occurred was resolved in favor of PBS by the Pennsylvania Commonwealth Court, but on January 20, 2021, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court reversed the Commonwealth Court on this issue. The Pennsylvania Supreme Court, though, left open the possibility that PBS can prove consequential damages in this case due to PennDOT's action of cutting off access to this coal property. PBS requested

reconsideration by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court of its decision but this request was denied. Therefore, on July 19, 2021, PBS filed a Petition asking the United States Supreme Court to grant PBS certiorari to review the case. On October 4, 2021, the United States Supreme Court denied PBS' Petition for Certiorari. Therefore, PBS asked the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County (the "Court of Common Pleas") to move forward in determining PBS' consequential damages claim and the Court of Common Pleas has referred the case to the Board of View to decide PBS's consequential damage claim. In the second De Facto Taking case, a hearing was held from September 13 to 16, 2022, on the issue of whether or not a De Facto Taking occurred and, if so, the extent. At the conclusion of the evidentiary hearing, the Court of Common Pleas took the matter under advisement and established a briefing schedule. Briefs have been filed by the parties and PBS is awaiting the ruling by the Court of Common Pleas. As to the three De Jure Taking cases, further proceedings are being planned in the form of Board of View hearings. The first Board of View hearing for one of the three properties has been completed and decided, with the award of damages to PBS along with delay damages. PennDOT has appealed the Parcel 54 Board of View decision to the Court of Common Pleas for a new trial before a judge and PBS, in response to PennDOT's appeal, filed a counter appeal and have demanded a jury trial. The case was placed on the September 2023 trial list and a pretrial conference was held on July 17, 2023 where PennDOT requested a continuance to the November 2023 trial term and expressed an interest in reaching a global settlement through mediation, which is currently being planned by counsel for the parties. The Company has not recognized this contingent receivable on the two properties awaiting Board of View hearings and has not recognized the receivable for the first decision due to the potential of appeal and cannot provide a reasonable estimate for the potential magnitude of these claims.